

Modulating effects of Symbiotic Lacto bacterium- and Yeast- fermented soy extract on life-style related Diseases.

T. Kageura ¹⁾, M. Suzuki ¹⁾, T. Moriyama ²⁾, T. Ogawa ²⁾

1) Nihon Bio Co., Ltd. Research and Development

2) Graduate School of Agriculture, Kyoto University

Introduction

- Recently, all over the world face to serious health problem. Patients of neoplasm, allergy, and virus infection involved in immune systems are increasing continuously, since our immune systems are getting worse with daily life, food and endocrine disrupting chemicals. In the course of our studies for developing immune-response modifiers from functional foods including fermented materials and traditional medicine, we found that symbiotic Lacto bacterium- and Yeast-fermented soy extract (LYS) inhibited tumor metastasis and allergic reaction by the modulation of immune systems.

**Functional Foods
Traditional Medicines**



**Immune-Response
Modifiers**

Symbiotic Lacto bacterium- and Yeast-fermented Soy Extract (LYS)

Soy (Not genetically modified)



- 1) Water, *r.t.*, 24 h
- 2) Homogenize
- 3) 100 °C, 1h
- 4) Filtration

Soy Extract

Symbiotic Fermentation

- 1) Enzyme Reaction (Cellulase, Amylase, Protease)
- 2) Fermentation
Lacto Bacterium; *E. faecalis*, *L. helveticus*,
L. casei, *L. sp*
Yeast, *Saccharomyces cereviciae*



- 1) 30 °C, 4 d
- 2) 100 °C, 1h
- 3) Freeze dry

Symbiotic Lacto bacterium- and Yeast-fermented Soy Extract (LYS)

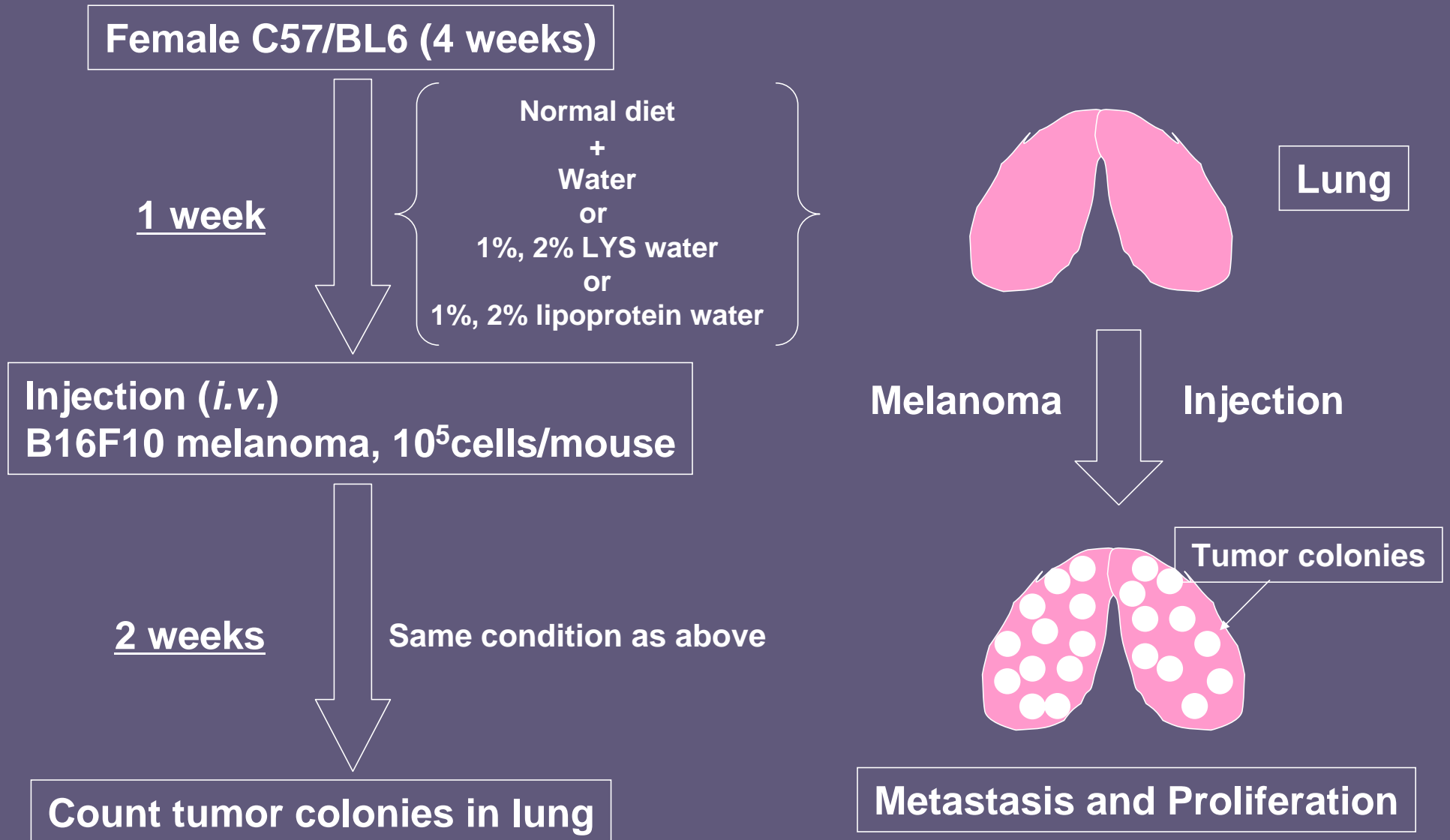
Apply for various Assays

View

Activities of LYS

- Gastro protection (Inhibition of gastric lesions, ~1g/kg rat or mouse)
- Antiflatuents (Regulation of intestinal function)
- Anti-diabetes (Suppression of high blood glucose level, Inhibition of aldose reductase: improvements of complication)
- Control of immune systems (anti-allergy, immune-response activator)

Effect of LYS on Tumor Metastasis and Proliferation



Effect of LYS on Tumor Metastasis and Proliferation

Control



1% LYS



**

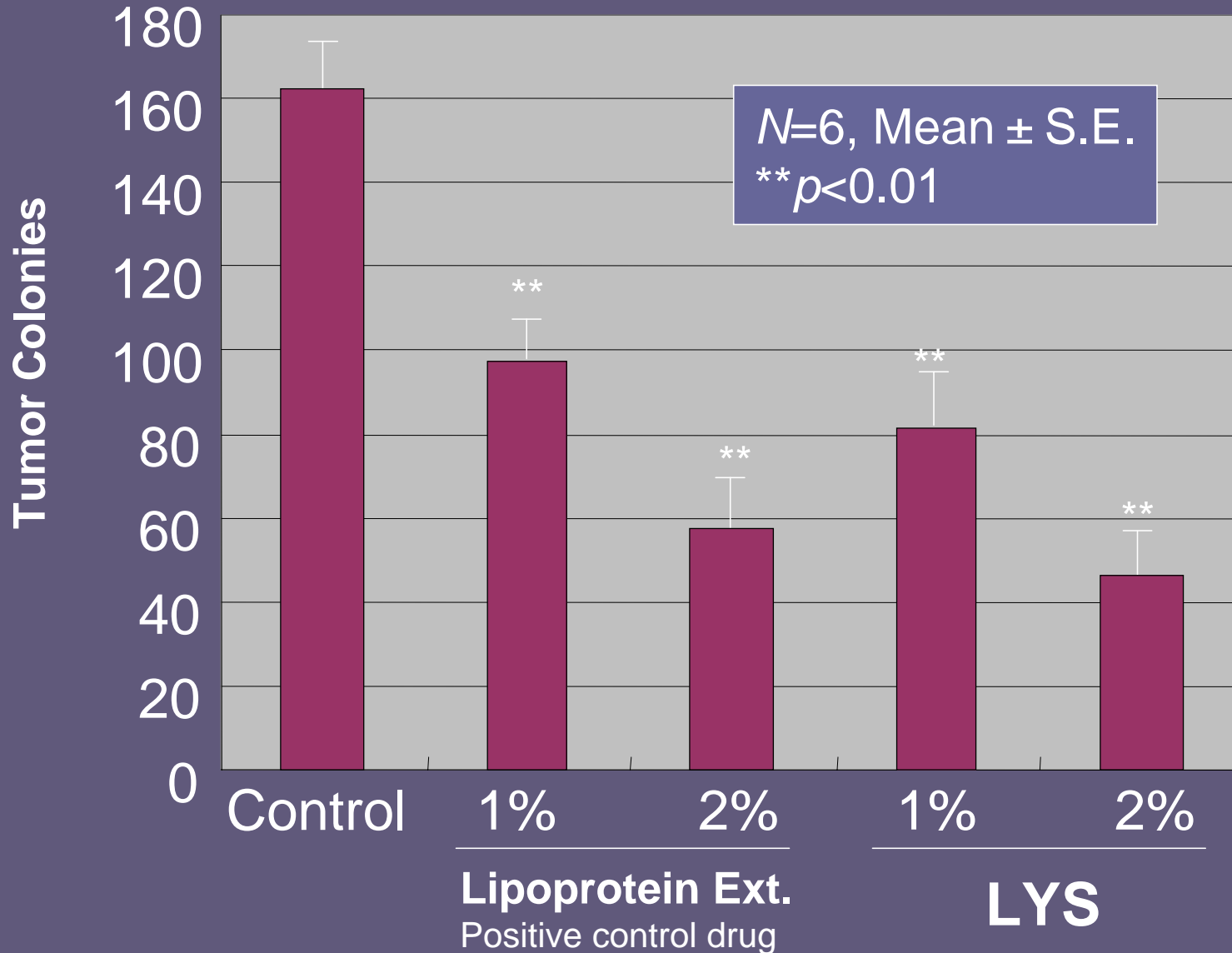
2% LYS



**

** $p < 0.01$

Effect of LYS on Tumor Metastasis and Proliferation



Effect of LYS on Macrophage Activation

Male ddY mouse (30 g)

Wash peritoneal with PBS

Selection (Preculture)

Mouse peritoneal macrophage

LYS (~300 $\mu\text{g/ml}$)

or

LPS (10 $\mu\text{g/ml}$, positive control)

37 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 20 h

Measurement of Nitric oxide (NO) in the culture medium by Griess reagent

LPS; lipopolysaccharide from *S. aureus*



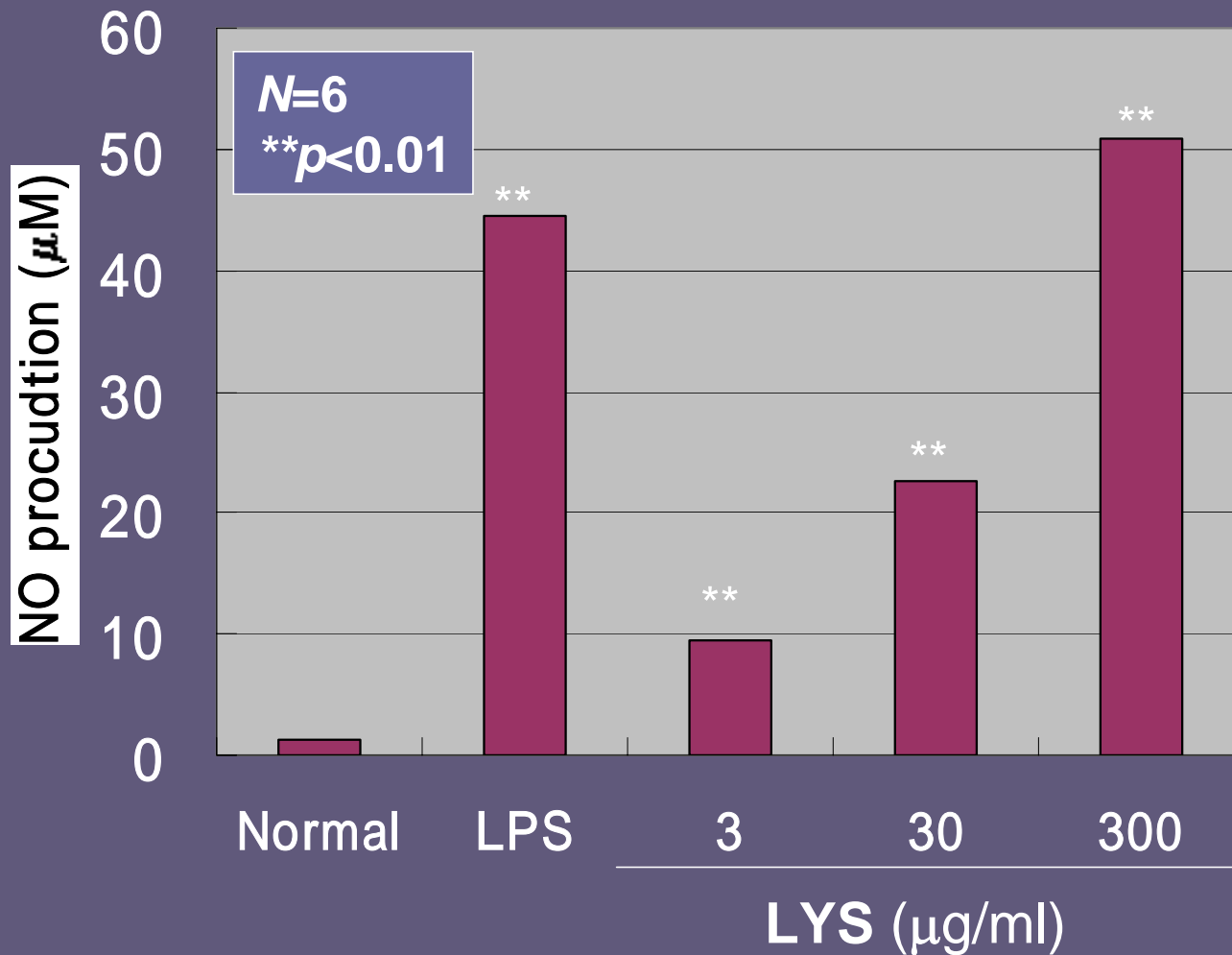
Collected from mouse peritoneal macrophage

Primary culture LYS or LPS

Measurement of NO production by Griess reagent

Activation Marker

Effect of LYS on Macrophage Activation



Effect of LYS on Macrophage Activation

Mouse peritoneal macrophage

LYS (~300 $\mu\text{g/ml}$)
or
LPS (10 $\mu\text{g/ml}$)
37 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 1 h

Fluorescent Beads
for phagocytic activity

37 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, 1 h

Trypan Blue (quenching)

Measurement of fluorescence density
of activated macrophage (Ex.532 nm, Em.526 nm)

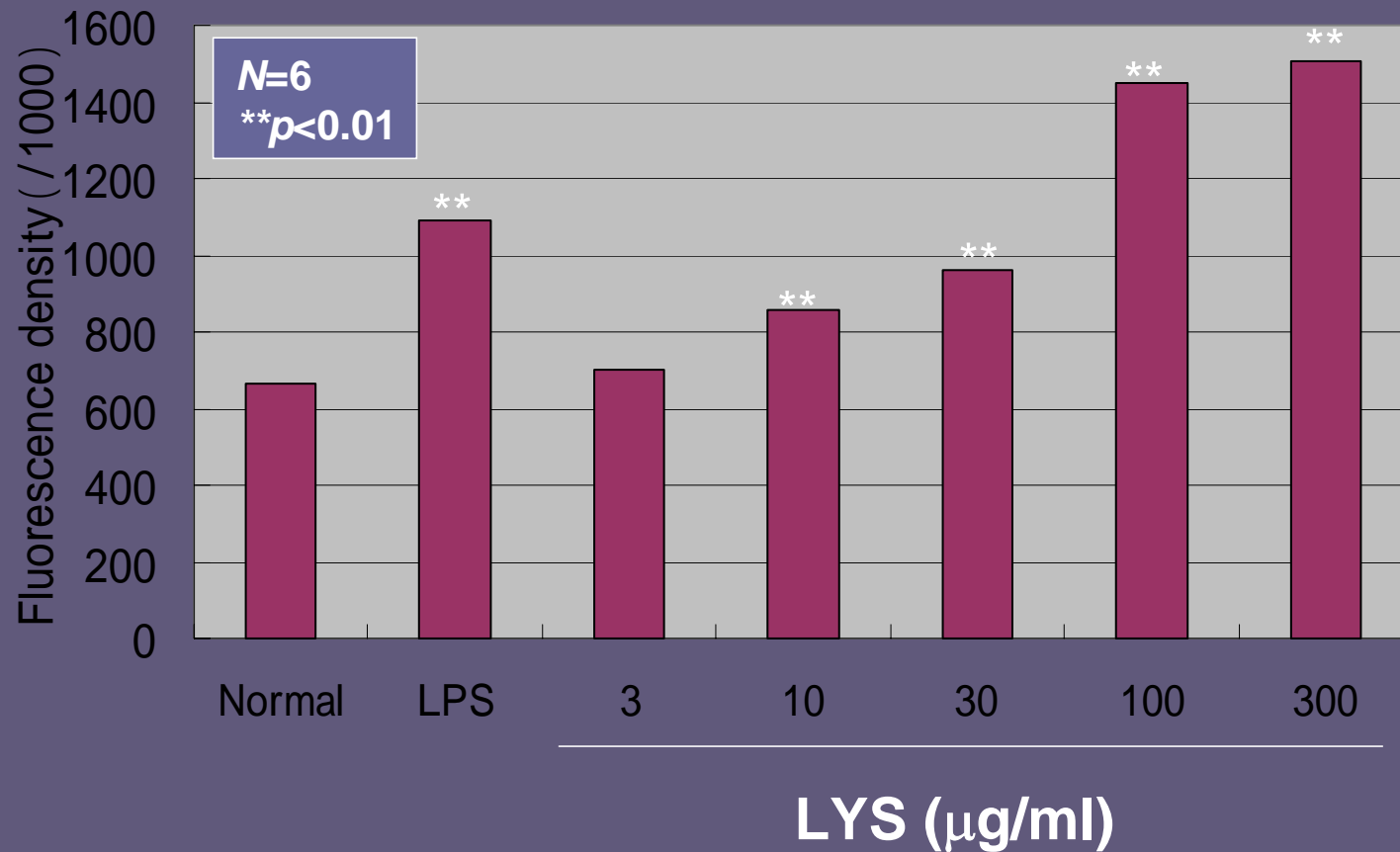


Collected from
mouse peritoneal
macrophage

Primary culture
LYS or LPS
Bio-Beads
(Fluorescence)

Measurement of
fluorescence density

Effect of LYS on Macrophage Activation



Effect of LYS on Allergic Reaction

Male SD rat (120 g)

Anti-DNP IgE

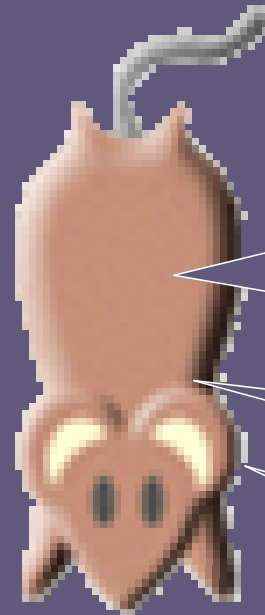
Injection

LYS, 1000mg/kg/day,
3times, *p.o.*

1% Evans blue-saline containing
0.75 mg DNP-BSA, *i.v.*

30 min

Measurement of the pigmentation area.



Dorsal skin sites
Injected
intradermally
with DNP-IgE

LYS, *p.o.*

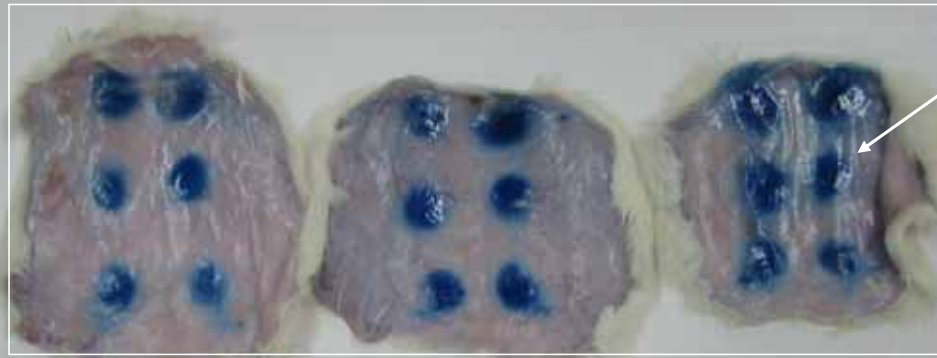
DNP-BSA saline, *i.v.*

Measurement of the
pigmentation area.



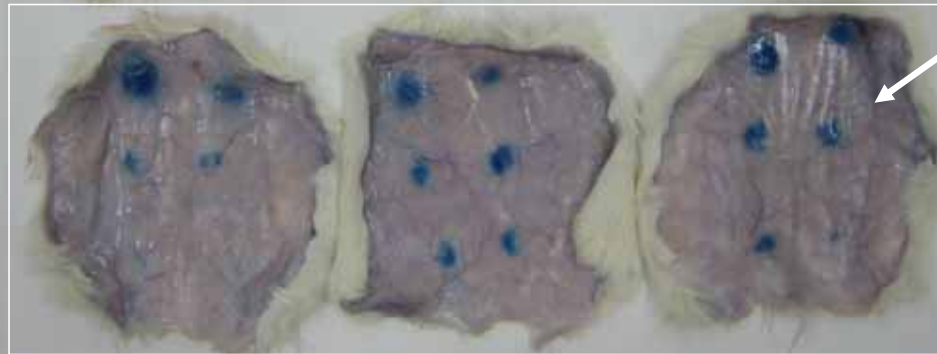
Effect LYS on Allergic Reaction

Control

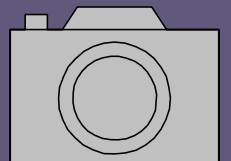


LYS

1000mg/kg/3times

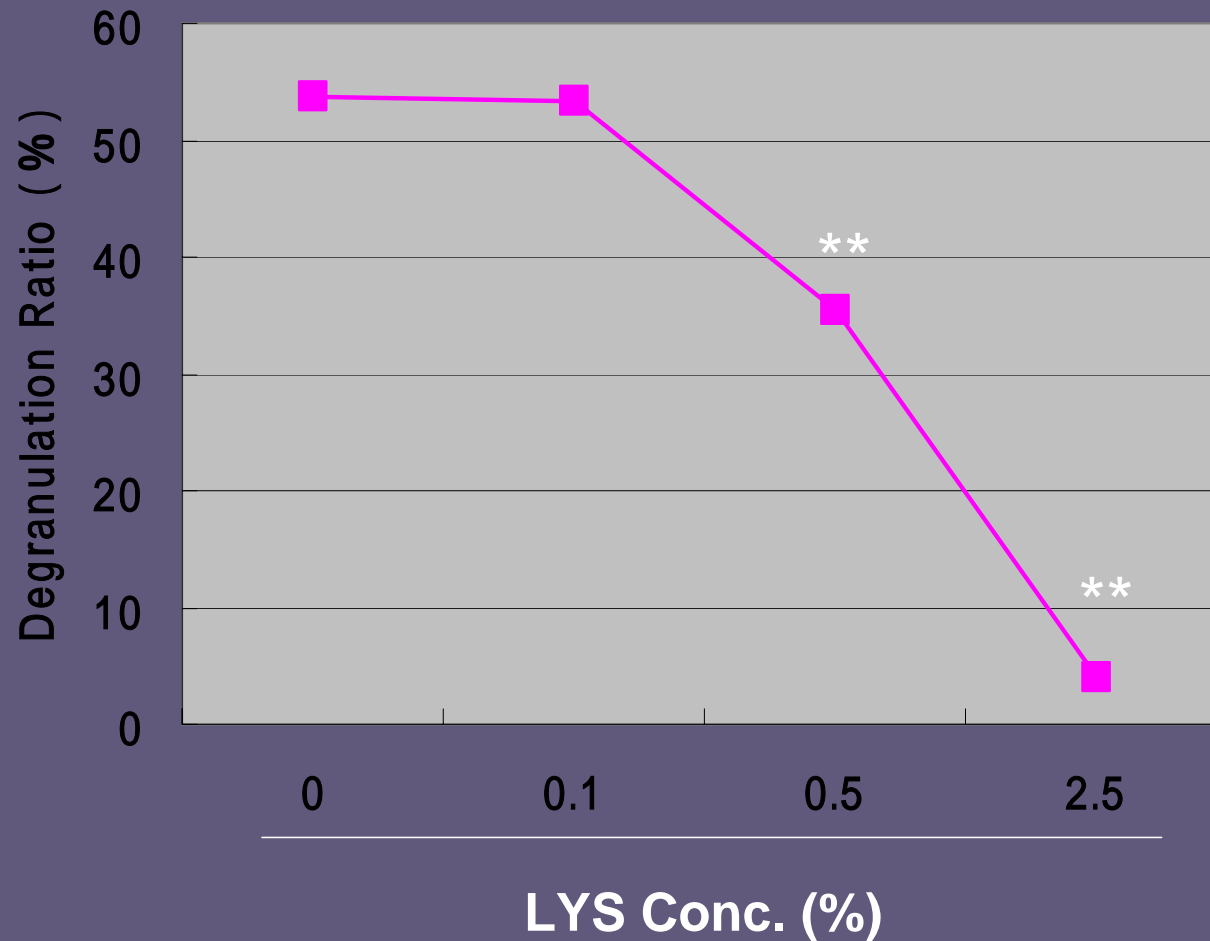


N=6
** $p < 0.01$



Effect of LYS on Allergic Reaction

Mast Cell (RBL Cell) Degranulation by DNP-BSA



Effects of LYS on Diabetes

**Diabetic model mouse
KKay mouse ()**



4 weeks

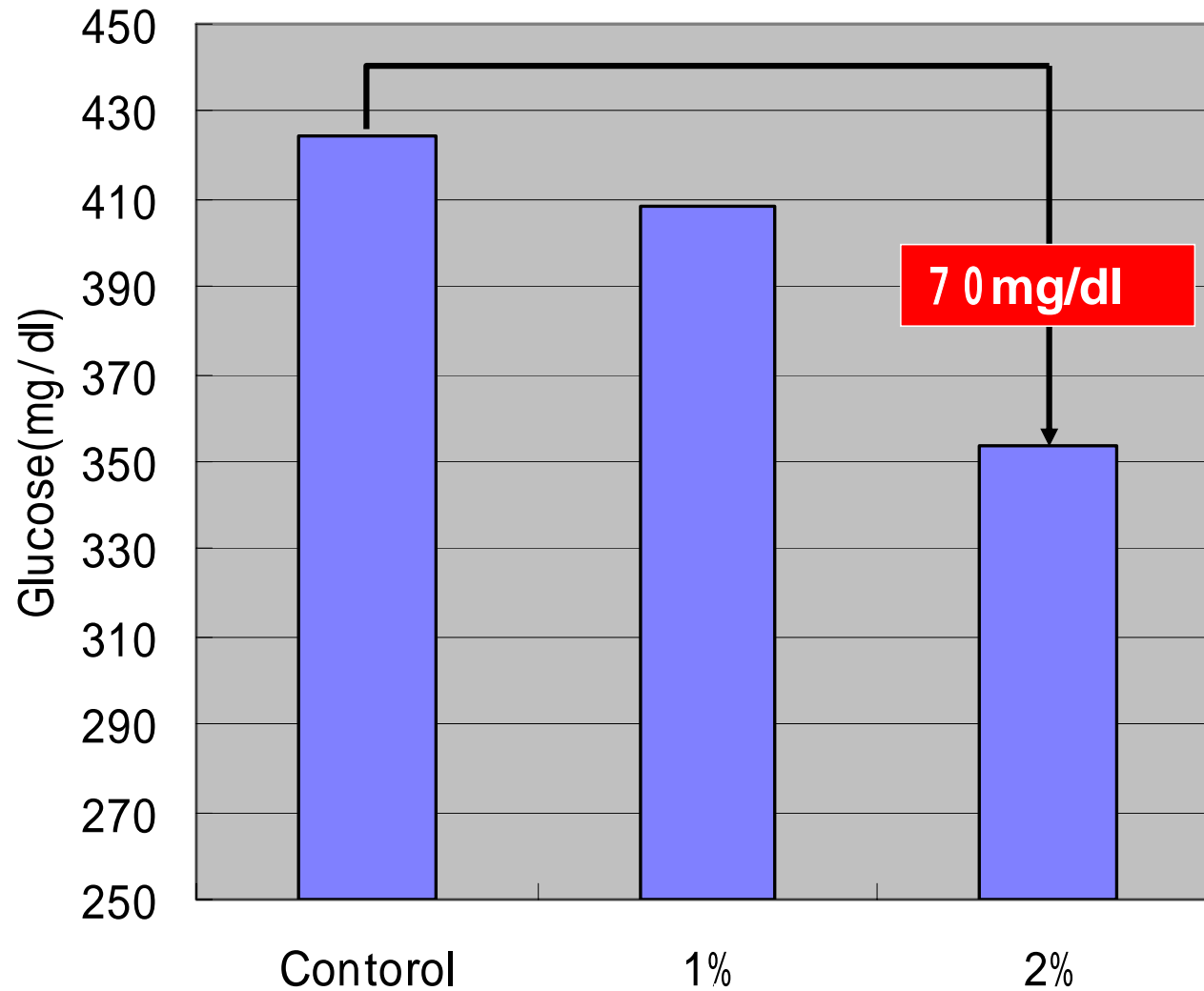
**Normal diet
+
Water
or
1%, 2% LYS water**

**KKay mouse
High Triglyceride
High Glucose**

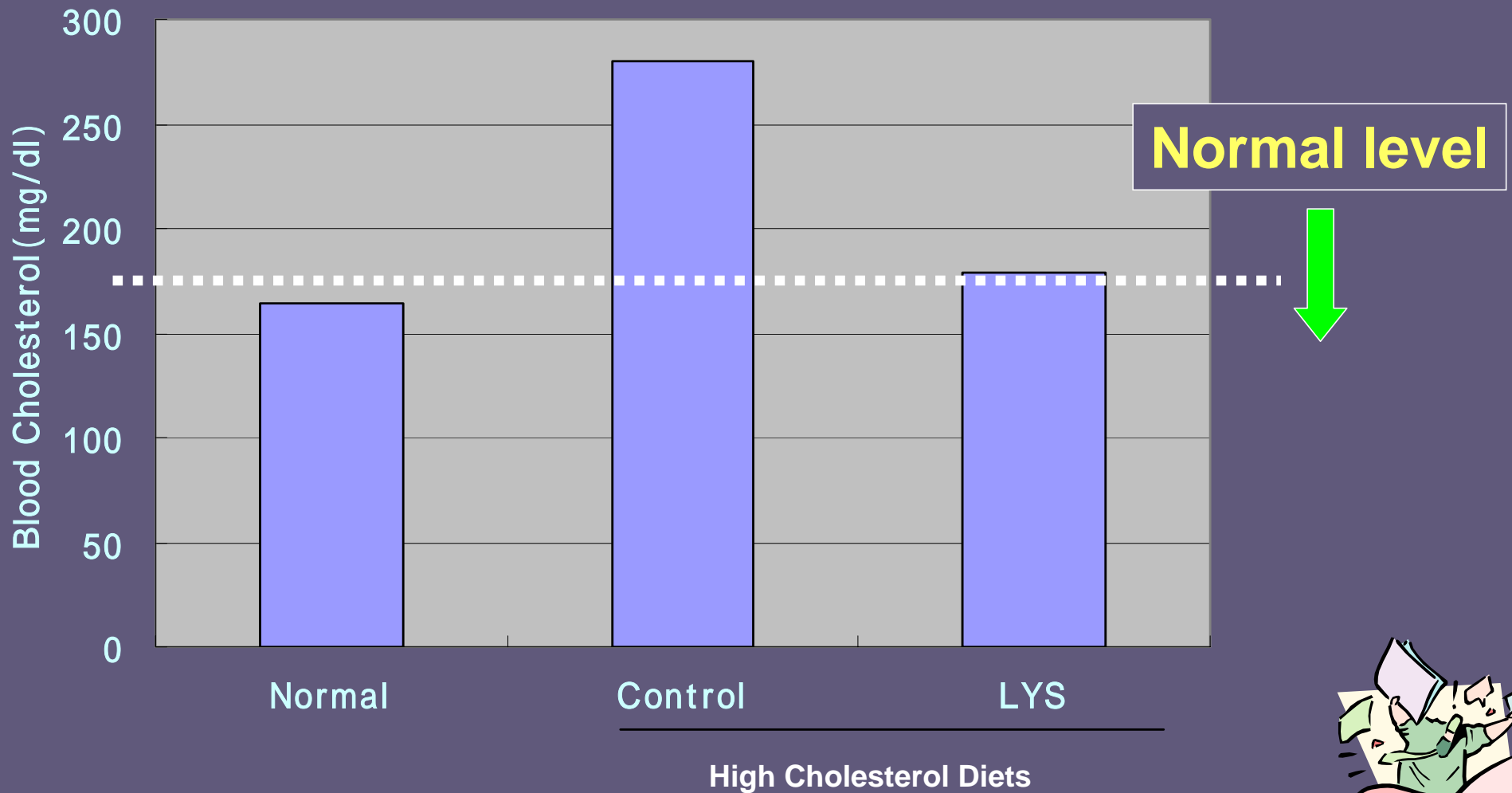
Blood Glucose Level

Glucose - Oxidase method

Effects of LYS on Diabetes



Effects of LYS on Hyperlipemia



Conclusion

- By in vivo, hyperglycemia, hyperlipemia, and melanoma metastasis in lung was significantly suppressed by LYS according to its dose dependence.
- And also passive cutaneous anaphylaxis was significantly suppressed by LYS for inhibiting mast cell degranulation and decreased 1/4-fold.
- These data indicates that LYS inhibits hyperglycemia, hyperlipemia, tumor metastasis and IgE-mediated type I allergy by modulating the digestive and immune systems.
- The LYS, Lacto bacterium- and Yeast-fermented soy extract, is considered to be one of the preventive agents of life-style related diseases.

Preventive Agents of Life-style related Diseases

Symbiotic Lacto Bacterium- Yeast-fermented Soy Extract

LYS

Symbiotic Lacto Bacterium- Yeast-fermented Soy Extract

Digestive and Immune System
(Intestinal Immune System)

Modulation

Immunocytes (Macrophage, leukocyte....) Modulation
Digestive Modulation

Inhibition of Tumor Metastasis and Proliferation

Inhibition of Allergic Reaction

Modulations of blood glucose and lipids